



Planting Instructions for Aquatic Plants

- ▶ Marginal, Shallow Water, and Bog Plants: Should be planted in 1-3 gallon container. Lower to 2-3" water depth after planting.
- ▶ Floating Plants: Require no planting. Treat as an annual, except in extremely southern states. Extensive root systems that provide fish with hiding and spawning areas, while providing shade, oxygen, and algae inhibition to pond.
- ▶ Submerged Plants: Should be included in all ponds to help maintain clean and pure water. Prevent algae growth by absorbing nutrients that algae needs to survive. Also provides a food source for fish, and adds oxygen to water. May use up to 3 bunches of like plant bunches per 5" container. Do not mix submerged plants in the same container. Completely submerge at least 12"
- ▶ Tropical Water Lily: Should be planted in 12"-16" diameter container (3-5 gallon) 6' deep. Plant after water temperature reaches 65-70 degrees. When planting, all mature leaves can be removed to prevent fouling of pond water. Roots should be buried in soil with rhizomes set upright. Tips of rhizomes should not be buried. Lower to 6" water depth, and slowly continue to lower up to 12" deep as plant grows. Prefer sun.
- ▶ Hardy Water Lilies: Should be planted in 3-5 gallon container that is 6-8" deep. Plant shallow-hardy water lilies spread up and out - not down. Partial shade/full sun is tolerated by most hybrids. It is recommended that all mature foliage be removed before planting. Lower to water depth of 6" after planting - continue to lower to water depth of 12-18" as plant grows.